

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

**Edexcel**

**International GCSE**

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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# Further Pure Mathematics

## Paper 2

Thursday 26 January 2012 – Afternoon  
**Time: 2 hours**

Paper Reference

**4PM0/02**

Calculators may be used.

Total Marks

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

P40665A

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6/6/6/c2



Turn over ►

**PEARSON**

**Answer all TEN questions**  
**Write your answers in the spaces provided**  
**You must write down all stages in your working**

1 Referred to a fixed origin  $O$ , the position vectors of the points  $P$  and  $Q$  are  $(10\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j})$  and  $(4\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j})$  respectively. The point  $R$  divides  $PQ$  internally in the ratio 2:1

(a) Find the position vector of  $R$  (2)

The point  $S$  divides  $OQ$  internally in the ratio 5:4 and area  $\Delta OPQ = \lambda$  area  $\Delta SRQ$ .

(b) Find the exact value of  $\lambda$ . (4)

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**Question 1 continued**

Ruled writing area consisting of 25 horizontal dotted lines.

**(Total for Question 1 is 6 marks)**



Diagram NOT accurately drawn

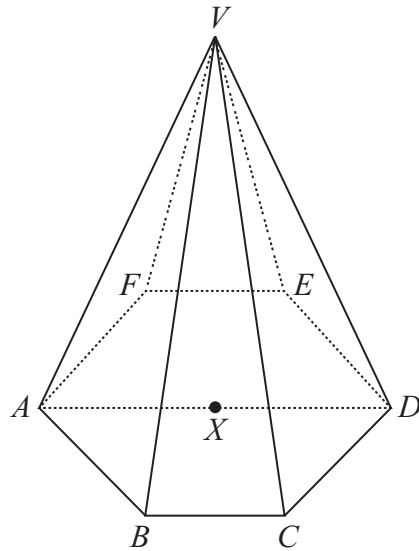


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a right pyramid with vertex  $V$  and base  $ABCDEF$  which is a regular hexagon. The diagonal  $AD$  of the base is 10 cm and  $X$  is the mid-point of  $AD$ . The height  $VX$  of the pyramid is 12 cm.

- (a) Find the length of  $VA$ . (2)
  
- (b) Find, in degrees to 1 decimal place, the size of the angle between the plane  $VAB$  and the base. (4)

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**Question 2 continued**

Handwriting practice area consisting of 25 horizontal dotted lines.



**Question 2 continued**

Handwriting practice area consisting of 25 horizontal dotted lines.

**(Total for Question 2 is 6 marks)**



**3** Find the coordinates of the points of intersection of the curve with equation  $y = 3 + 6x - x^2$  and the line with equation  $y - x = 7$

**(5)**

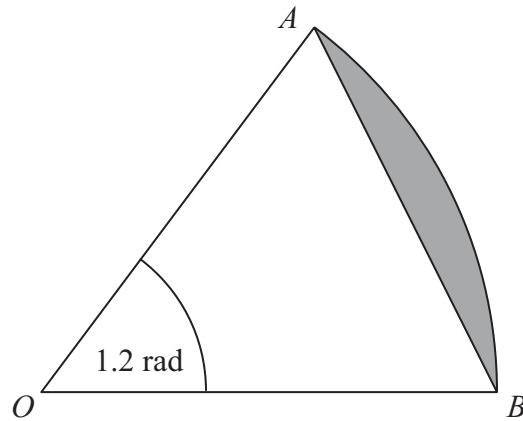
Dotted lines for writing the answer.

**(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)**



4

Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn



**Figure 2**

Figure 2 shows an arc  $AB$  of a circle with centre  $O$ . The arc subtends an angle of  $1.2$  radians at  $O$  and the area of the sector  $AOB$  is  $15 \text{ cm}^2$ .

Find

- (a) the radius of the circle, (2)
  
- (b) the length of the arc  $AB$ , (2)
  
- (c) the area of the shaded segment, giving your answer to 3 significant figures. (3)

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**Question 5 continued**

Handwriting practice area consisting of 25 horizontal dotted lines.



**Question 5 continued**

A series of horizontal dotted lines for writing.



**Question 5 continued**

Handwriting practice area consisting of 25 horizontal dotted lines.

**(Total for Question 5 is 9 marks)**



6

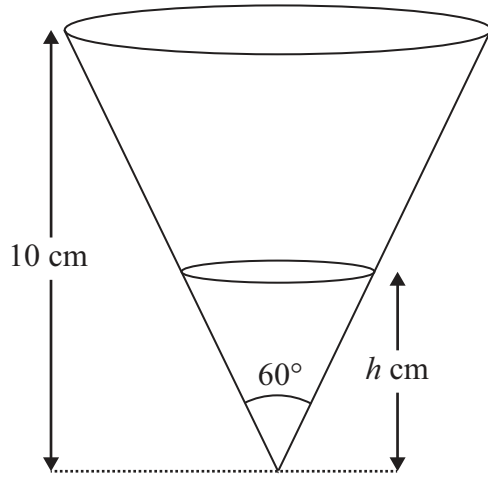


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

Figure 3

A container in the shape of a right circular cone of height 10 cm is fixed with its axis of symmetry vertical. The vertical angle of the container is  $60^\circ$ , as shown in Figure 3. Water is dripping out of the container at a constant rate of  $2 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$ . At time  $t = 0$  the container is full of water. At time  $t$  seconds the depth of water remaining is  $h$  cm.

- (a) Show that  $h = \left[ 1000 - \frac{18t}{\pi} \right]^{\frac{1}{3}}$  (6)
- (b) Find, in  $\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ , to 3 significant figures, the rate of change of the area of the surface of the water when  $t = 15$  (6)

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**Question 6 continued**

Handwriting practice area consisting of 25 horizontal dotted lines.



**Question 6 continued**

A series of horizontal dotted lines for writing.





**Question 6 continued**

Handwriting practice area consisting of 25 horizontal dotted lines.

**(Total for Question 6 is 12 marks)**



7 The points  $A, B$  and  $C$  have coordinates  $(3,5)$ ,  $(7,8)$  and  $(6,1)$  respectively.

(a) Show, by calculation, that  $AB$  is perpendicular to  $AC$ . (4)

(b) Find an equation for  $AC$  in the form  $ax + by + c = 0$ , where  $a, b$  and  $c$  are integers whose values must be stated. (3)

The point  $D$  is on  $AC$  produced and  $AC : CD = 1 : 2$

(c) Find the coordinates of  $D$ . (2)

(d) Calculate the area of triangle  $ABD$ . (4)

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**Question 7 continued**

Handwriting practice area consisting of 25 horizontal dotted lines.



**Question 7 continued**

A series of horizontal dotted lines for writing.



**Question 7 continued**

Ruled area for writing answers, consisting of multiple horizontal dotted lines.

**(Total for Question 7 is 13 marks)**



$$\sin(A + B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A + B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\sin A}{\cos A}$$

(a) Show that  $\tan(A + B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$  (3)

(b) Hence write down an expression for  $\tan 2\theta$  in terms of  $\tan \theta$  (1)

(c) Show that  $\tan 3\theta = \frac{3 \tan \theta - \tan^3 \theta}{1 - 3 \tan^2 \theta}$  (4)

Given that  $\tan 3\theta = -1$  and  $\tan \theta \neq \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

(d) without finding the value of  $\theta$ , show that  $\tan^3 \theta + 3 \tan^2 \theta - 3 \tan \theta - 1 = 0$  (1)

Given also that  $\tan \theta \neq 1$

(e) find the exact values of  $\tan \theta$ , giving your answers in the form  $a \pm \sqrt{b}$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers. (4)

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**Question 8 continued**

Dotted lines for writing.



P 4 0 6 6 5 A 0 2 3 3 2

**Question 8 continued**

A series of horizontal dotted lines for writing.







9 The curve  $C$ , with equation  $y = f(x)$ , passes through the point with coordinates  $(0, 4)$ .

Given that  $f'(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3$

(a) find  $f(x)$ . (3)

(b) Show that  $C$  has a minimum point at  $x = -1$  and a minimum point at  $x = 3$  (6)

(c) (i) Find the coordinates of the maximum point on  $C$ .

(ii) Show that the point found in (i) is a maximum point. (3)

(d) State the ranges of values of  $x$  for which  $f'(x) > 0$  (2)

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**Question 9 continued**

A series of horizontal dotted lines for writing.



**Question 9 continued**

A series of horizontal dotted lines for writing.



**Question 9 continued**

Ruled area for writing answers to Question 9.

**(Total for Question 9 is 14 marks)**



10 The sum of the first and third terms of a geometric series  $G$  is 104

The sum of the second and third terms of  $G$  is 24

Given that  $G$  is convergent and that the sum to infinity is  $S$ , find

(a) the common ratio of  $G$  (4)

(b) the value of  $S$  (4)

The sum of the first and third terms of another geometric series  $H$  is also 104 and the sum of the second and third terms of  $H$  is 24

The sum of the first  $n$  terms of  $H$  is  $S_n$

(c) Write down the common ratio of  $H$  (1)

(d) Find the least value of  $n$  for which  $S_n > S$  (6)

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**Question 10 continued**

A series of horizontal dotted lines for writing the answer to Question 10.



**Question 10 continued**

Dotted lines for writing answer.

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**(Total for Question 10 is 15 marks)**

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**TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS**

